

Big Data Management and Analytics
WS 2017/18

Tutorial 6: Apache Flink, Stream Analytics

Assignment 6-1 *Stream Processing with Apache Flink - WordCount*

In this assignment we are going to implement the wordcount example using Apache Flinks streaming API. For this purpose please download (from: <https://flink.apache.org/downloads.html>) and setup Apache Flink. It is recommended to consult the following manual for Flink setup <https://ci.apache.org/projects/flink/flink-docs-stable/> and the streaming API documentation https://ci.apache.org/projects/flink/flink-docs-release-1.3/dev/datastream_api.html

- (a) Write a wordcount program using the DataStream API.
- (b) Write a wordcount program using the DataSet API.

Assignment 6-2 *Matrix-Matrix multiplication with Flink*

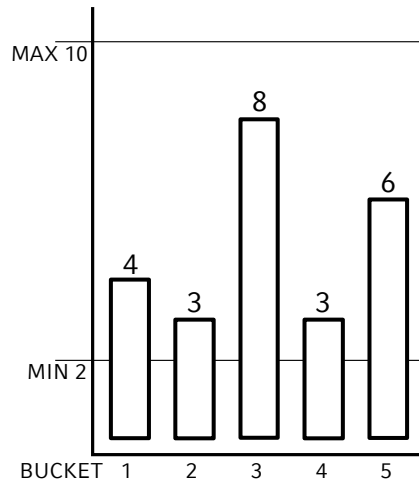
- (a) Download the code template `mm.flink.template.java` and become familiar with it.
- (b) Implement the method `map` in the `MapToProduct` class and implement the ellipses ... with your code.
- (c) Test your implementation by checking the result for multiplying the matrices

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } B := \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 \\ 11 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assignment 6-3 *K-Buckets*

Given the histogram as seen below, execute the K-Buckets Histogram algorithm for inserts and deletes, assuming the following rules:

- The histogram consists of constantly $k = 5$ buckets.
- The upper threshold (MAX) per bucket is 10, the lower threshold (MIN) is 2.
- For split-and-merge operations: a split occurs when the size of a bucket would otherwise **exceed** MAX ; a merge occurs between the two consecutive buckets that were not product of the preceding split with the lowest overall sum of sizes.
- For merge-and-split operations: a merge occurs with the neighbour bucket that has the smallest size, when the size of a bucket would otherwise be below MIN .



INSERTING Insert the items of the given sequence into the histogram, until the first overflow occurs. Execute the resulting split-and-merge and move on to the next section (deleting). Each item is denoted as the index of its respective bucket.

Sequence = 3,1,3,5,2,3,4,1,5,3

DELETING Starting with the resulting histogram of the insert section, remove the items of the given sequence from the histogram, until the first underflow occurs. Execute the resulting merge-and-split. Each item is denoted as the index of its respective bucket.

Sequence = 1,3,4,5,4,3,2,5,1,2

Assignment 6-4 *CUSUM – Change Detection*

Given a mean value $\omega = 3$ and a threshold value $\alpha = 8$, execute the Cumulative Sum algorithm for change detection on the following sequence:

Sequence = 2,3,7,4,0,2,5,6,8,7

n	$x_n - \omega$	G_n
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		