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Managing Massive Multiplayer Online Games SoSe 2018

Exercise Sheet 5: Conflict management and dead reckoning

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In the following regard an abstract game in which the players are in a two-dimensional world. Each player p has a positive count of health points $p.H \in \mathbb{N}$. A player p_i can perform the following actions in the game:

- $Heal(p_2, n)$ increases the health points of a player p_2 by n points. If $p_2 \cdot H + n > 100$, $p_2 \cdot H$ is set to 100.
- $Attack(p_2, n)$ reduces the health points of a player $p_2 \neq p_i$ by n points. If $n > p_2$. H player p_2 is dead and can not perform actions any more.

Exercise 5-1 Conflicts (Homework)

Regard an instance of the game in which the following action requests are sent. Initially all three players have 50 health points, meaning $\forall 1 \leq i \leq 3 : p_i \cdot H = 50$. The game uses a client-server architecture with central time processing for communication, i.e. the order of execution is determined by the server. With regard to the simplicity we assume that the latency is two ticks both for the transmission of an action to the server and for the transmission of an update from the server to the client.

Player	Action	Time(Client)
p_2	Attack $(p_1, 60)$	1
p_1	Attack $(p_2, 30)$	2
p_1	$Heal(p_1, 80)$	3
p_2	$Heal(p_2, 60)$	4
p_2	Attack $(p_3, 30)$	5
p_3	Attack $(p_2, 50)$	6
p_2	Attack $(p_3, 30)$	7

To solve conflicts the approach resetting local actions shall be used.

- (a) How does the game proceed on the side of the server?
- (b) How does the game proceed on the side of the client of player p_1 ? Which anomalies occur?
- (c) How does the game proceed on the side of the client of player p_2 ? Which anomalies occur?
- (d) How does the game proceed on the side of the client of player p_3 ? Which anomalies occur?
- (e) Which anomalies would be prevented locally for player p_3 , if the clients were communicating via peer2peer and used a lag-mechanism with four ticks delay to solve conflicts? Assume a latency of two ticks for the communication between two clients.
- (f) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of these solutions!

Exercise 5-2 *Dead Reckoning* (Homework)

To save bandwidth positions of players are not transmitted with every tick. Regard the client of player p_1 who perceives actions of another player p_2 . The client of p_1 receives the following position updates of player p_2 from the server:

Player	Х	у	Time
p_2	100	100	0
p_2	110	90	15
p_2	130	90	30
p_2	160	50	40

At which position is player p_2 displayed at time 45? Use the following prediction models:

- (a) The last known position is used as prediction as it is.
- (b) To predict the position a linear movement with constant velocity is assumed.
- (c) To predict the position a linear movement with constant acceleration is assumed.