

Exercise 5-2 *Probabilistic Balancing*

Regarding another game players can choose between several different settings (e.g. races, classes, fractions) in the beginning. Let s_1, \dots, s_n be such settings.

Assume that 1000 games were monitored each between a player with settings s_1 and a player with settings s_2 (briefly s_1 vs s_2). 400 of those were won by the player with settings s_1 . Is this game fair concerning the settings s_1 and s_2 ? Therefore calculate the possibility of this observation assuming that the game was fair, i.e. that the winning chances for both players were always 50%.

Null hypothesis $H_0: p = 0.5$

If H_0 holds, the number of wins is binomial distributed with $p = 0.5$

$$\Rightarrow \#wins = B(1000, 0.5)$$

$$\text{General: } P(B(N, p) = i) = \binom{N}{i} * p^i * (1 - p)^{1000-i}$$

$$\text{Here: } P(B(1000, 0.5) = i) = \binom{1000}{i} * 0.5^{1000}$$

Probability, that #wins ≤ 400 :

$$P(B(1000, 0.5) \leq 400) = \sum_{i=0}^{400} P(B(1000, 0.5) = i)$$

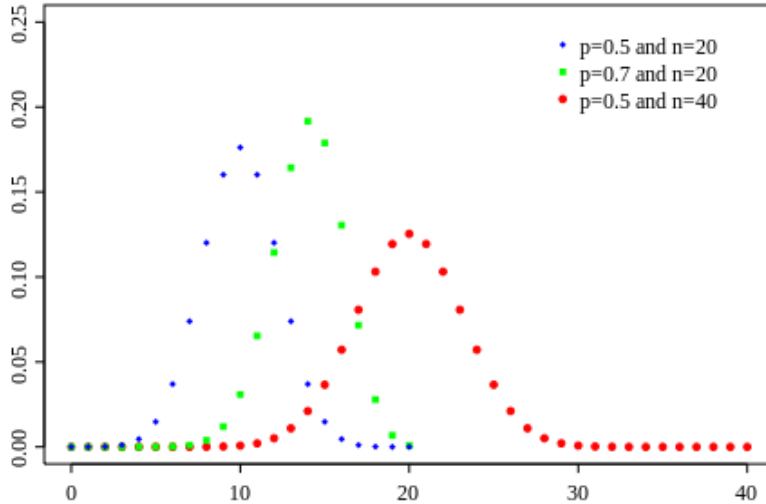
Problem: Computation is exponential

Solution: Approximation of the binomial distribution with the gaussian distribution

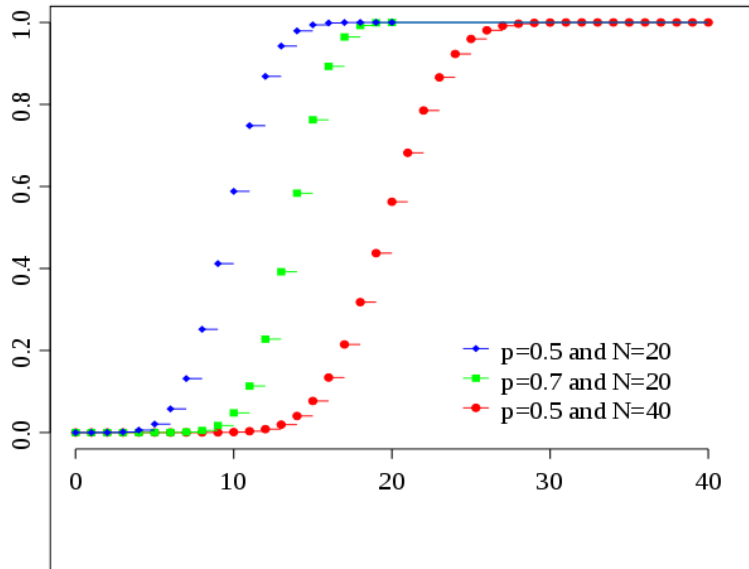
WANTED



Binomial distribution $B(n, p)$
Probability mass function



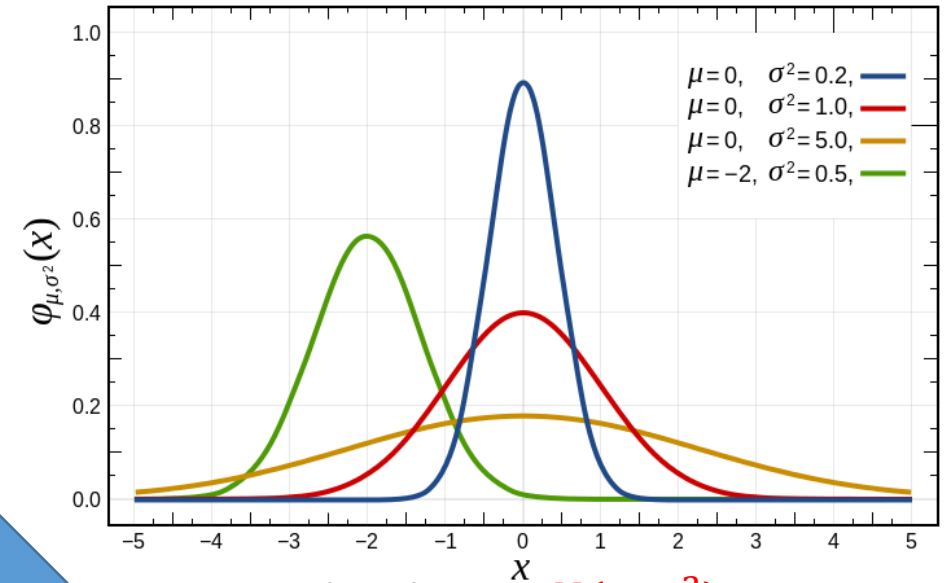
Binomial distribution $B(n, p)$
Cumulative distribution function



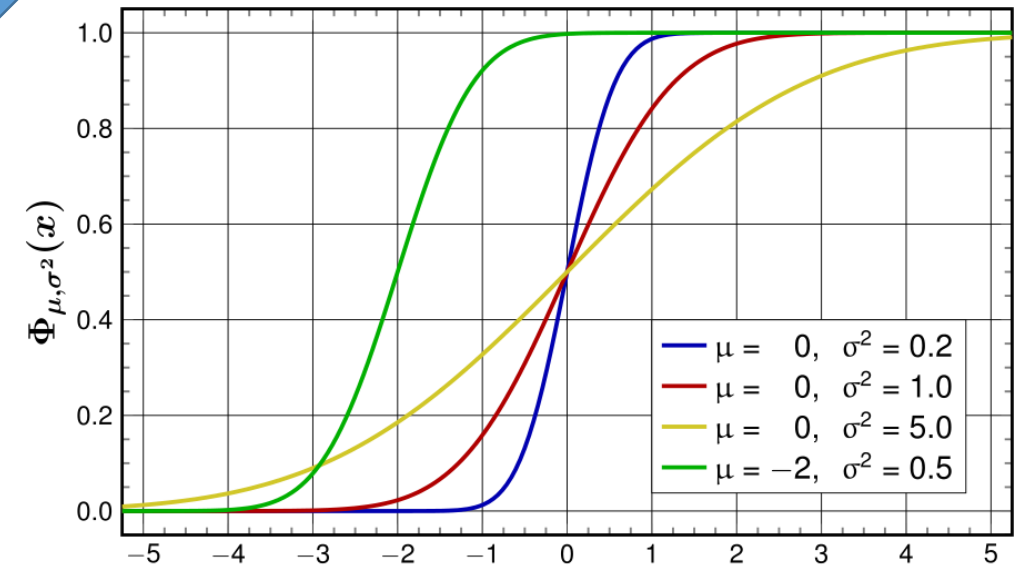
General overview

Expected value $\mu = n * p$
Variance $\sigma^2 = n * p * (1 - p)$

Gaussian distribution $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
Probability density function



Gaussian distribution $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
Cumulative distribution function



Here

Binomial

$$\#wins = B(1000, 0.5)$$

Expected value $\mu = n * p$
Variance $\sigma^2 = n * p * (1 - p)$

Gaussian

$$\#wins \approx N(500, 250)$$

$$P(B(1000, 0.5) \leq 400) \approx P(N(500, 250) \leq 400)$$

Standardization of $N(500,250)$ to enable looking for its value in a quantile table, where values for $N(1,0)$ are listed.

$$P(N(500,250) \leq 400) =$$

$$P(500 + N(0,250) \leq 400) =$$

$$P(N(0,250) \leq -100) =$$

$$P(N(0,1) * \sqrt{250} \leq -100) =$$

$$P\left(N(0,1) \leq \frac{-100}{\sqrt{250}}\right) =$$

$$P(N(0,1) \leq -6.32)$$

Quantile table =>

$$P(N(0,1) \leq -6.32) = 8.5 * 10^{-8}$$

Approximate
probability for the
observed results
assuming a fair
game

