



## Hauptseminar

# Recent Developments in Data Science

06.02.2017

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## Was ist Data Science?

“**Data science** is an interdisciplinary field about processes and systems to extract knowledge or insights from data in various forms, either structured or unstructured, which is a continuation of some of the data analysis fields such as statistics, machine learning, data mining, and predictive analytics, similar to Knowledge Discovery in Databases (KDD).”

(Wikipedia: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data\\_science](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data_science))



# Ziele

- Einarbeitung in ein wissenschaftliches und aktuelles Thema des Gebiets Data Science
- Auseinandersetzung mit den Fragestellungen und Daten
- Eigene Zusammenfassung mit kreativer Anwendungsidee (~20k – 30k Zeichen)
- Entwicklung eines eigenen durchgehenden Beispiels und exemplarische Anwendung der Methoden (ggfs. durch Implementierung)
- Kritischer Vergleich der eigenen Ergebnisse mit den vorgegebenen Resultaten
- Präsentation der Ergebnisse in einem Vortrag (25min + 10min Fragerunde)



# Zeitablauf

- 06.02.2017:  
Erstes Treffen, Organisation + Themenvergabe
- 10.02.2017:  
Erste Kontaktaufnahme mit dem Betreuer per Email
- 27.04.2017:  
Start Vortragsserie
  - Donnerstags, 14:00 s.t.
  - Zwei Vorträge pro Treffen
- 29.07.2017 (voraussichtlich):  
Letzter Vortrag
- Zwei Wochen vor Vortrag:  
Abgabe der Ausarbeitung
- Eine Woche vor Vortrag:  
Besprechung des Vortrags und fertige Folien



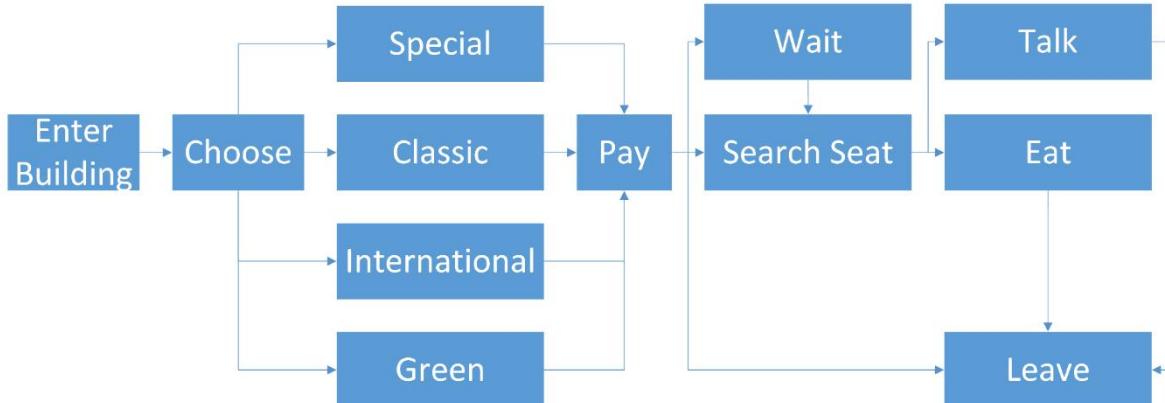
# Process Mining

## Aktuelle Forschungen



Mensa Event Log				
A	B	C	D	E
1	Student	Activity	Timestamp	
2	33374094	Enter Building	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:03	4169 -4555
3	99341331	Pay	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:05	2393 2144
4	26791916	Pay	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:06	-3468 1631
5	17879860	Search Seat	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:09	3067 861
6	20432268	Pay	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:09	2075 4537
7	87813883	Leave Building	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:09	-4068 -68
8	71595485	Eat	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:11	3491 4829
9	32187009	Return Dishes	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:16	-3515 -3942
10	69178271	Enter Building	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:20	3104 -2630
11	84309806	Eat	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:20	1184 1381
12	108009196	Pay	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:21	4011 793
13	30724430	Eat	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:23	2219 3979
14	82692348	Leave Building	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:23	719 -3050
15	27351704	Search Seat	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:23	-3076 1939
16	101565698	Pay	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:24	4321 -1655
17	102445419	Eat	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:28	2669 3023
18	11880894	Eat	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:30	-3327 4350
19	26299003	Enter Building	Wed, 19.10.2016, 13:31	4874 2256

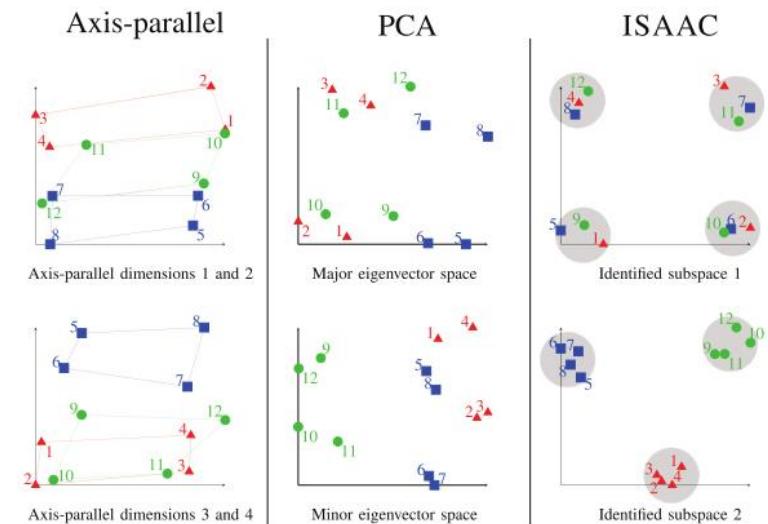
1. Trace Clustering
2. DMN Decision Tables
3. Event Patterns zu Aktivitäten





# (Non-linear) clustering

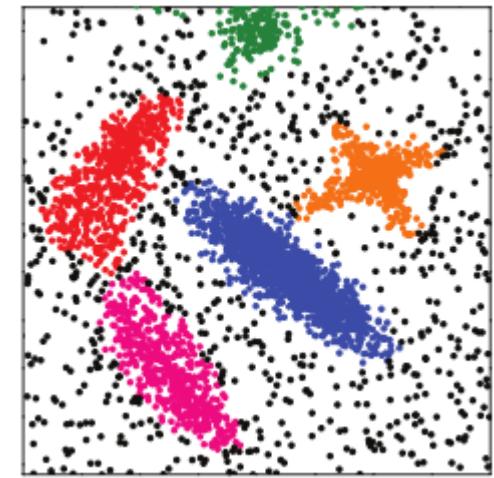
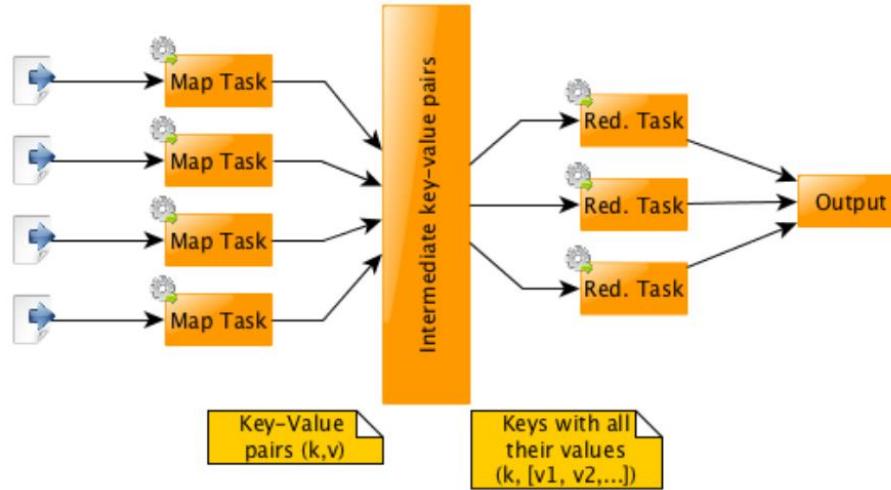
- Ye, W., Maurus, S., Hubig, N., & Plant, C. "Generalized Independent Subspace Clustering" IEEE 16th International Conference on Data Mining, 2016.
- Subspace clustering
- Minimize statistical dependency between clusters
- Independent Subspace Analysis (ISA)





# (Non-linear) clustering

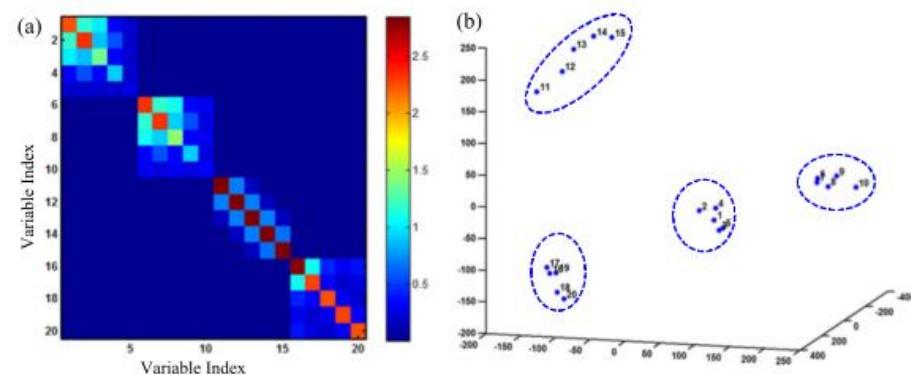
- Peng, X.-Y., Yang, Y.-B., Wang, C.-D., Huang, D., & Lai, J.-H.  
**"An Efficient Parallel Nonlinear Clustering Algorithm Using MapReduce"**  
IEEE International Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium Workshops, 2016.
- MapReduce on non-linear clustering algorithms
- Algorithm used: DenPeak





# (Non-linear) clustering

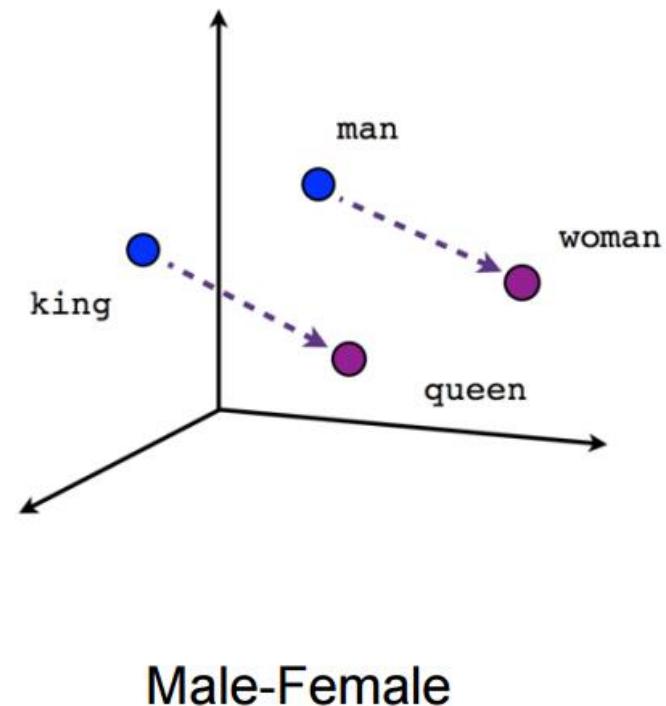
- Chen, Y., & Yang, H. "A Novel Information-Theoretic Approach for Variable Clustering and Predictive Modeling Using Dirichlet Process Mixtures" Nature Scientific Reports, 2016.
- MI for identifying non-linear correlation
- Dirichlet process variable clustering
- Comparing to other MI based non-linear correlation clustering algorithm





# Representation Learning

- Representation Learning is an important problem in Machine Learning
- Given: Complex data objects, e.g.
  - Words in a text corpus
  - Nodes in a graph
- Goal: Learn vector representations for these objects, which capture some desired relationships, e.g.
  - Similar semantics
  - Similar neighborhoods in the graph
- The learned embedding allows for applying standard Machine Learning and Data Mining techniques





# Representation Learning

- Word Embedding
  - Pennington, Jeffrey, Richard Socher, and Christopher D. Manning. "Glove: Global Vectors for Word Representation." EMNLP. Vol. 14. 2014.
- Graph-Node Embedding
  - Cao, Shaosheng, Wei Lu, and Qiongkai Xu. "GraRep: Learning graph representations with global structural information." Proceedings of the 24th ACM International Conference on Information and Knowledge Management. ACM, 2015.
- Semi-Supervised Embedding
  - Weston, Jason, et al. "Deep learning via semi-supervised embedding." Neural Networks: Tricks of the Trade. Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 2012. 639-655.



# Representation Learning

- Ordinal Embedding
  - Terada, Yoshikazu, and Ulrike V. Luxburg. "Local ordinal embedding." Proceedings of the 31st International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML-14). 2014.
- Analysis of Event-based Social Networks (EBSN)
  - Pham, Tuan-Anh Nguyen, et al. "A general graph-based model for recommendation in event-based social networks." Data Engineering (ICDE), 2015 IEEE 31st International Conference on. IEEE, 2015.

Prerequisites: Background in / interest to familiarize yourself with Machine Learning and related techniques (in particular Linear Algebra, Probability Theory)



- **15:** Finding Subsequences of Patterns
  - > new approach,  
without having to design a specific encoding scheme
- **16:** Approximating the number of triangles in fully-dynamic streams with fixed memory size
  - > applications: spam/anomaly detection, topic mining
- **17:** Patterns of group evolution
  - > applications: forecasting, pattern discovery



# Stream Clustering with Complex Information

- Stream Clustering is a well studied topic.
- Most existing stream clustering algorithms share similar structure: online and offline system.
- The online phase summarizes incoming data points and offline phase clusters the summarization information.
- However, it is difficult to compute the summarization for data points with complex information and non-euclidean distance.
- In this seminar, we take a look at some state-of-the-art approaches and discuss whether the problem is well addressed.



- **Distance metric learning for soft subspace clustering in composite kernel spaces** (21 Textseiten, viele Formeln)
  - Distance metric learning
    - Die genaue Distanzfunktion wird erst während des Clusterings von den Algorithmen gelernt
  - Soft subspace clustering for high dimensional data
    - Soft (-> Fuzzy) Objekte werden nicht genau einem Cluster voll zugeordnet
    - Subspace clustering: nicht alle Eigenschaften eines Objekts geben zwangsläufig Aufschluss über die Ähnlichkeit zu anderen Objekten
    - High dimensional data: Die Objekte haben viele verschiedene Eigenschaften
  - Composite kernel space
    - Kernel trick: Berechnungen werden implizit in einem höherdimensionalen Raum ausgeführt
- **Pairwise Clustering based on the Mutual-Information Criterion** (27 Textseiten)
  - Pairwise Clustering: Verwendet paarweise Ähnlichkeit zwischen Datenpunkten
  - Based on the Mutual-Information Criterion: Betrachtet die MI zwischen zwei Punkten die hintereinander besucht wurden bei einer Markovkette
- **Network Lasso: Clustering and Optimization in Large Graphs** (21 Textseiten)
  - (Convex optimization, scalability, ADMM (alternating direction method of multipliers))



# Themenverteilung

1. From low-level events to activities-a pattern-based approach (2016)
2. Semantics and Analysis of DMN Decision Tables (2016)
3. A non-Compensatory Approach for Trace Clustering (2017)
4. Generalized Independent Subspace Clustering (2016)
5. An Efficient Parallel Nonlinear Clustering Algorithm Using MapReduce (2016)
6. A Novel Information-Theoretic Approach for Variable Clustering and Predictive Modeling Using Dirichlet Process Mixtures (2016)
7. Distance metric learning for soft subspace clustering in composite kernel space (2016)
8. Network lasso: Clustering and optimization in large graphs (2015)
9. Pairwise clustering based on the mutual-information criterion (2016)
10. Grarep: Learning graph representations with global structural information (2015)



# Themenverteilung

11. Local ordinal embedding (2014)
12. Deep learning via semi-supervised embedding (2012)
13. A general graph-based model for recommendation in event-based social networks (2015)
14. Glove: Global Vectors for Word Representation (2014)
15. A Subsequence Interleaving Model for Sequential Pattern Mining (2016)
16. TRIÈST: Counting Local and Global Triangles in Fully-Dynamic Streams with Fixed Memory Size (2016)
17. Come-and-Go Patterns of Group Evolution: A Dynamic Model (2016)
18. On graph stream clustering with side information (2013)
19. Stream Clustering: Efficient Kernel-Based Approximation Using Importance Sampling (2015)
20. Streaming spectral clustering (2016)